

Introduction to JiBX

A Java Data Binding Tool

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August 4th, 2005

What is Data Binding

- A Data Binding library converts Java objects to and from XML streams
- Converting to/from XML with existing parsers is time consuming and usually not your core competency
- It allows the application to work with an object model and automatically have XML serialization and deserialization
- Commonly used in SOAP services or any interface that uses XML

Data Binding Definitions

- Marshalling – Serializing Object to a XML stream
- Unmarshaling – De-serializing an XML stream to an object
- Binding – A mechanism to associate objects with XML elements, usually a mapping
- XSD – XML Schema, describes structure of an XML document
- Generator – Takes an XML XSD and create an object model with binding support

Generation Approach to Data Binding

- Use a XSD Generator to create objects then provide either:
 - Helper classes for each object
 - Static methods for marshaling/unmarshaling
- One of the first approaches to data binding
- Pros
 - Easy to create your object model quickly
- Cons
 - The generated model can be bulky and hard to use.
 - Forced to use a model possibly not suited to your domain

Mapping Approach to Data Binding

- Use Existing Object Model and mapping mechanism
 - The mapping mechanism defines the relationships between objects and XML elements.
- Pros
 - Can work with existing models
 - Do not have to learn a new model
- Cons
 - More initial work to create the mappings

Common Data Binding Frameworks

- JAXB 1.0 / JAXB 2.0
 - One of the first frameworks from Sun
 - Uses Generation
 - Supports almost all XSD syntax
 - Easiest to get up and running quickly
 - <http://java.sun.com/xml/jaxb>
- Castor
 - One of the first open source frameworks
 - Uses Generation
 - Generated model is heavy
 - <http://castor.codehaus.org>

Common Data Binding Frameworks

- XMLBeans
 - Formally from BEA, now Apache
 - Uses Generation
 - Becoming more popular
 - <http://xmlbeans.apache.org>
- JiBX
 - <http://jibx.sourceforge.net>
 - Uses mapping approach
 - About 2 years old
 - Fast

Why JiBX?

- Its fast
- Can your existing object model
- Using generated models is usually painful and forces you to copy to/from your object model
- High degree of control and customization
- Every time the schema changes you need to re-generate, with JiBX just change the mapping file

Good Features of JiBX

- Almost complete control of translation process
 - Moving data from attribute to element mappings is trivial
- Custom serializers/deserializers
- Custom pre-get and pre-set marshaller/unmarshaller methods
- XSD schema changes => just change the binding file. Very fast for schema updates
- Re-usable abstract bindings
- etc..

Performance of JiBX

- Look at <https://bindmark.dev.java.net/>
 - Compares the different frameworks
- JiBX is fastest or 2nd fastest for marshaling/unmarshaling among the most common open source frameworks
- Also has small memory foot print
- JiBX uses XML Pull Parser technology with Byte Code generation

Using JiBX

- Download the latest code, 1.0 RC1
- Put jars into your classpath
- Create mapping
 - Manually Generate
 - Or use Xsd2Jibx to generate mapping file from a object hierarchy
- Run classes and binding file through compiler. Use Ant task
- At run time
 - Create binding factory and marshaling/unmarshaling context
 - Marshall/UnMarshal using context

Common Initial Setup

- Use the xsd2Jibx tool to get initial mapping
 - However, the existing tool is flakey
 - It does not support xs:unions, xs:any and other XSD syntax
 - Use it as a starting point
- Manually change/support the mapping file from that point on
- Use Ant task for builds
- There is also an Eclipse plug-in

Common Mapping

Binding Definition

```
<binding>
  <mapping name="customer" class="Customer">
    <structure name="person" field="person"
      value-style="attribute">
      <value name="cust-num" get-method="getNumber"
        set-method="setNumber"/>
      <value name="first-name" field="firstName"/>
      <value style="text" field="lastName"/>
    </structure>
    <value name="street" field="street"/>
    <value name="city" field="city"/>
    <value name="state" field="state"/>
    <value name="zip" field="zip"
      set-method="setZip" usage="optional"/>
    <value name="phone" field="phone"/>
  </mapping>
</binding>
```

Java Classes

```
public class Customer {
  private Person person;
  private String street;
  private String city;
  private String state;
  private Integer zip;
  private String phone;
  public void setZip(Integer zip) {
    this.zip = zip;
  }
}

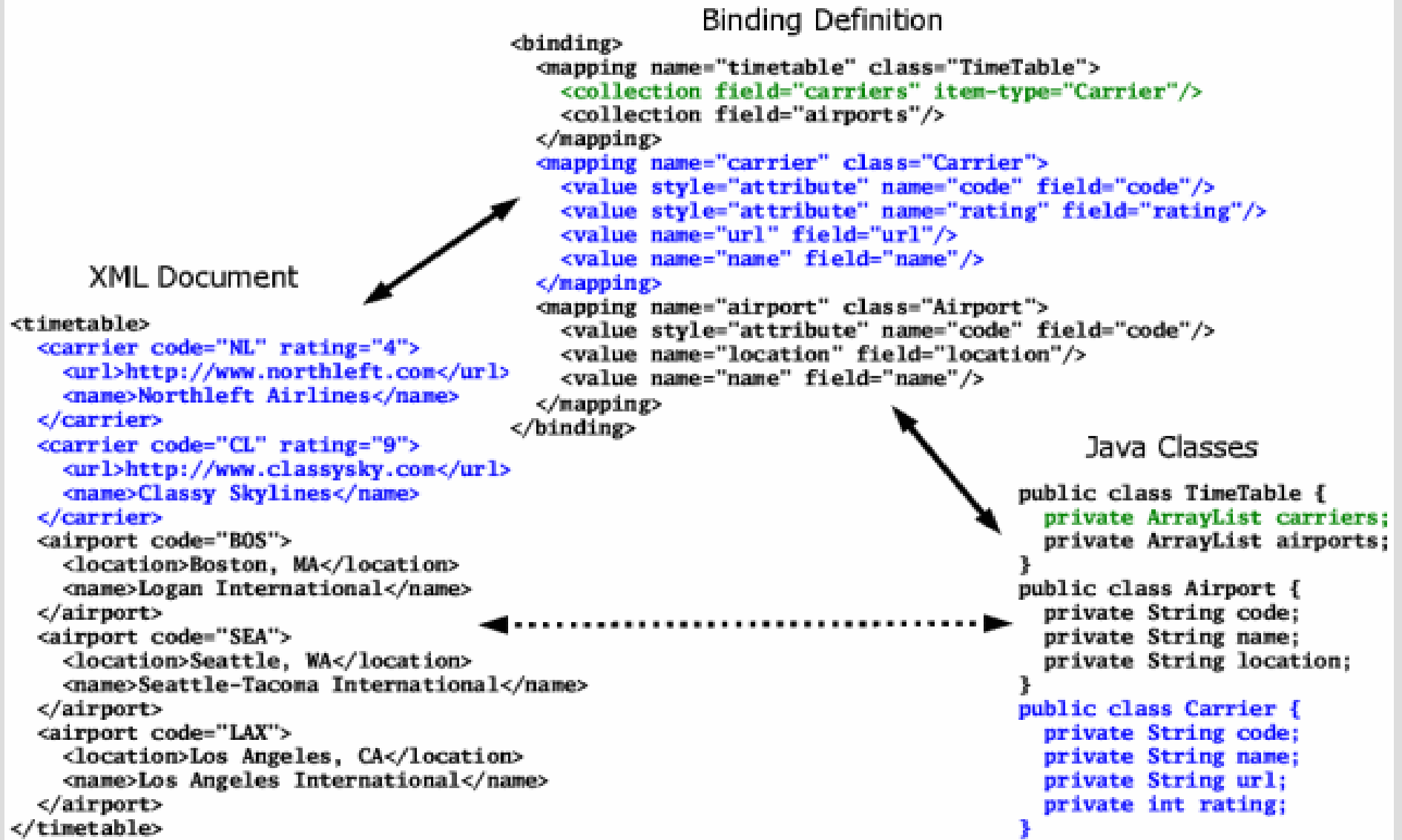
public class Person {
  private int customerNumber;
  private String firstName;
  private String lastName;
  protected int getNumber() {
    return customerNumber;
  }
  protected void setNumber(int num) {
    customerNumber = num;
  }
}
```

XML Document

```
<customer>
  <person cust-num="123456789"
    first-name="John">Smith</person>
  <street>12345 Happy Lane</street>
  <city>Plunk</city>
  <state>WA</state>
  <phone>888.555.1234</phone>
</customer>
```



Collection Mapping



Structure Mapping 1

Binding Definition

```
<binding>
  <mapping name="customer" class="Customer">
    <structure name="person" field="person">
      <value name="cust-num" field="customerNumber"/>
      <value name="first-name" field="firstName"/>
      <value name="last-name" field="lastName"/>
    </structure>
    <value name="street" field="street"/>
    <value name="city" field="city"/>
    <value name="state" field="state"/>
    <value name="zip" field="zip"/>
    <value name="phone" field="phone"/>
  </mapping>
</binding>
```

XML Document

```
<customer>
  <person>
    <cust-num>123456789</cust-num>
    <first-name>John</first-name>
    <last-name>Smith</last-name>
  </person>
  <street>12345 Happy Lane</street>
  <city>Plunk</city>
  <state>WA</state>
  <zip>98059</zip>
  <phone>888.555.1234</phone>
</customer>
```

Java Classes

```
public class Customer {
  public Person person;
  public String street;
  public String city;
  public String state;
  public Integer zip;
  public String phone;
}

public class Person {
  public int customerNumber;
  public String firstName;
  public String lastName;
}
```



Structure Mapping 2

Binding Definition

```
<binding>
  <mapping name="customer" class="Customer">
    <structure name="person"> ← Deleted field="person"
      <value name="cust-num" field="customerNumber"/>
      <value name="first-name" field="firstName"/>
      <value name="last-name" field="lastName"/>
    </structure>
    <value name="street" field="street"/>
    <value name="city" field="city"/>
    <value name="state" field="state"/>
    <value name="zip" field="zip"/>
    <value name="phone" field="phone"/>
  </mapping>
</binding>
```

XML Document

```
<customer>
  <person>
    <cust-num>123456789</cust-num>
    <first-name>John</first-name>
    <last-name>Smith</last-name>
  </person>
  <street>12345 Happy Lane</street>
  <city>Plunk</city>
  <state>WA</state>
  <zip>98059</zip>
  <phone>888.555.1234</phone>
</customer>
```

Java Class

```
public class Customer {
  public int customerNumber;
  public String firstName;
  public String lastName;
  public String street;
  public String city;
  public String state;
  public Integer zip;
  public String phone;
}
```

Structure Mapping 3

Binding Definition

```
<binding>
  <mapping name="customer" class="Customer">
    <structure name="person"> ← Deleted field="person"
      <value name="cust-num" field="customerNumber"/>
      <value name="first-name" field="firstName"/>
      <value name="last-name" field="lastName"/>
    </structure>
    <structure field="address"> ← Added <structure>
      <value name="street" field="street"/>
      <value name="city" field="city"/>
      <value name="state" field="state"/>
      <value name="zip" field="zip"/>
    </structure>
    <value name="phone" field="phone"/>
  </mapping>
</binding>
```

Deleted field="person"

Added <structure> element wrapping values

XML Document

```
<customer>
  <person>
    <cust-num>123456789</cust-num>
    <first-name>John</first-name>
    <last-name>Smith</last-name>
  </person>
  <street>12345 Happy Lane</street>
  <city>Plunk</city>
  <state>WA</state>
  <zip>98059</zip>
  <phone>888.555.1234</phone>
</customer>
```

Java Classes

```
public class Customer {
  public int customerNumber;
  public String firstName;
  public String lastName;
  public Address address;
  public String phone;
}

public class Address {
  public String street1;
  public String city;
  public String state;
  public String zip;
}
```



Abstract Mapping

Binding Definition

```
<binding>
  <mapping name="customer" class="Customer">
    <structure field="identity"/>
    ...
  </mapping>
  <mapping class="Identity" abstract="true">
    <value name="cust-num" field="customerNumber"/>
  </mapping>
  <mapping name="person" class="Person" extends="Identity">
    <structure map-as="Identity"/>
    <value name="first-name" field="firstName"/>
    <value name="last-name" field="lastName"/>
  </mapping>
  <mapping name="company" class="Company" extends="Identity">
    <value name="name" field="name"/>
    <value name="tax-id" field="taxId"/>
    <structure map-as="Identity"/>
  </mapping>
</binding>
```

XML Documents

```
<customer>
  <person>
    <cust-num>123456789</cust-num>
    <first-name>John</first-name>
    <last-name>Smith</last-name>
  </person>
  ...
</customer>

<customer>
  <company>
    <name>John Smith Enterprises</name>
    <tax-id>91-234851</tax-id>
    <cust-num>311233459</cust-num>
  </company>
  ...
</customer>
```

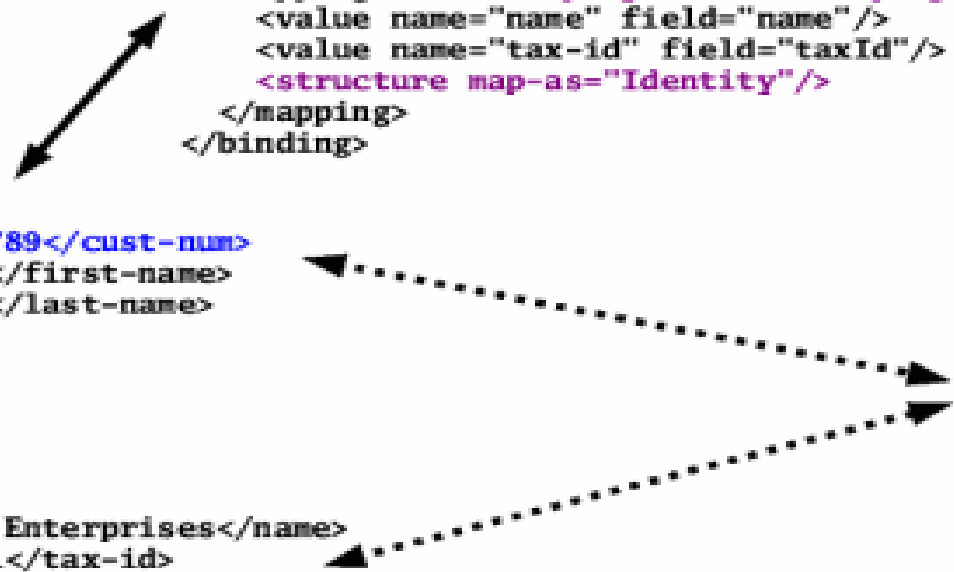
Java Classes

```
public class Customer {
  public Identity identity;
  ...
}

public class Identity {
  public int customerNumber;
}

public class Person
  extends Identity {
  public String firstName;
  public String lastName;
}

public class Company
  extends Identity {
  public String name;
  public String taxId;
}
```



SOAP Services

- JiBXSoap is a separate project
- Provides a deployable WAR for SOAP services
- Document/Lit Support Only
- Maps Top Level XML element to a method in a handler class
- Configurable via a descriptor
- Soap Fault handling is a little flaky
- Its a fast and simple architecture
- Example

SOAP Services

- Performs about 2-3 times as as Axis for doc/lit
- Use a simple Servlet for the Soap Protocol handling
- Servlet Container Config
 - `<web-app>`
 - `<servlet>`
 - `<servlet-name>soap_servlet</servlet-name>`
 - `<servlet-class>org.jibx.soap.server.SOAPServlet</servlet-class>`
 - `<init-param>`
 - `<param-name>quake-service</param-name>`
 - `<param-value>quake-service.xml</param-value>`
 - `</init-param>`
 - `</servlet>`
 - `<servlet-mapping>`
 - `<servlet-name>soap_servlet</servlet-name>`
 - `<url-pattern>/</url-pattern>`
 - `</servlet-mapping>`
 - `</web-app>`

SOAP Services

- Service Configuration

```
<service name="quake">  
  <schema>SeismicSchema.xsd</schema>  
  <wsdl-uri>http://seismic.sosnoski.com/wsdl</wsdl-uri>  
  <handler-  
    class>com.sosnoski.seismic.jibxsoap.QuakeBase</handler-  
    class>  
  <operation method="process"/>  
</service>
```

Demo and Wrap Up

- Demo
- JiBX is great when
 - You need to use an existing model
 - Or want to work in a specific model
 - Need very specific control of the translation process
 - Need Speed
- When JiBX might not be best
 - Want to get up and running fast
 - Not worried about performance